



green treefrog

Hyla cinerea

Kingdom: Animalia
Division/Phylum: Chordata
Class: Amphibia
Order: Anura
Family: Hylidae

FEATURES

The green treefrog averages one and one-fourth to two and one-fourth inches in length. Its body color is usually bright green. A white or yellow stripe is present along each side. It may have tiny, gold flecks on the back. The skin is smooth. An adhesive pad is present at the tip of each toe.

BEHAVIORS

The green treefrog may be found in extreme southern Illinois. It lives in cypress swamps, sloughs and marshes. This treefrog may be found on vegetation, like cattails. It breeds from mid-May through August. The male's call is "quonk, quonk, quonk" which has been compared to a cowbell. Eggs are laid in small packets or films in floating vegetation. Each female may deposit from 500 to 1,000 eggs. Hatching occurs in a few days. Transformation to the land-based form is completed about two months after hatching. The green treefrog eats arthropods (spiders, insects, mites and others).

HABITATS

- bottomland forests
- coniferous forest
- southern Illinois lowlands
- upland deciduous forest

ILLINOIS STATUS

- common
- endangered
- threatened
- native
- exotic

ILLINOIS RANGE

Permanent resident: southern tip

Summer resident:

Migrant:

Winter resident:

BIBLIOGRAPHY

Illinois Department of Natural Resources. 1999.
Biodiversity of Illinois, Volume 2: Woodland Habitats CD-ROM.